

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

POST CONSTRUCTION ELEVATION CERTIFICATE/FLOODPROOFING CERTIFICATE

COMMUNITY NUMBER
125089

INSTRUCTIONS

The registered professional engineer, architect, surveyor or community permit official completes Section I below. Section II may be completed by any of the professionals listed at the beginning of Section II, or by a similarly qualified local permit official. Print or type the information on this form. This form is to be used for new (POST-FIRM) construction and for substantial improvements to existing structures in Zones A1-A30, AH and V1-V30 and existing (PRE-FIRM) buildings to be rated under POST-FIRM rules and rates.

SECTION I
(TO BE COMPLETED BY COMMUNITY PERMIT OFFICIAL)

PROPERTY ADDRESS (or lot and block numbers if address is unavailable)

417 Belle Isle Avenue; Lot 40, Belle Isle

FIA MAP PANEL ON WHICH PROPERTY IS LOCATED

0002 B

FIA MAP ZONE IN WHICH PROPERTY IS LOCATED

A 11

FIA MAP EFFECTIVE DATE

March 2, 1983

BASE FLOOD ELEVATION AT THE PROPOSED SITE

10' MSL

START OF CONSTRUCTION DATE

07-08-83

Name and Title

Donald Skaggs, Building Official

PHONE (with Area Code)

(813) 595-4646

ADDRESS

444 Causeway Boulevard, Belleair Beach, FL 33535

(Signature)

(Date)

SECTION II

INSTRUCTIONS

Complete only the Elevation Certification unless the building has been floodproofed at least to the base flood elevation. If floodproofing is used, complete only the Floodproofing Certification. The Elevation Certification may be completed by a registered professional engineer, architect, or surveyor. The Floodproofing Certification may only be completed by a registered professional engineer or architect.

ELEVATION CERTIFICATION

I certify that the building at the property location described above has the lowest floor at an elevation of 10.10 feet, NGVD (mean sea level).

FLOODPROOFING CERTIFICATION

I certify to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, that the structure is designed so that the structure is watertight to an elevation of _____ feet NGVD (mean sea level), with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water and structural components having the capability of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and effects of buoyancy that would be caused by the flood depths, pressures, velocities, impact and uplift forces associated with the base flood.

In the event of flooding, will this degree of floodproofing be achieved with human intervention?*

Will the structure be occupied as a residence? _____

If the answer to both questions is Yes, the floodproofing cannot be credited for rating purposes and the elevation certification must be completed instead.

*Floodproofed with human intervention means that water will enter the structure when floods up to the base flood level occur, unless measures are taken prior to the flood to prevent entry of water (e.g. bolting metal shields over doors and windows).

CERTIFIER'S NAME

EUGENE S. CAUDELL

AFFIX SEAL OR WRITE PROFESSIONAL LICENSE NO. BELOW:

TITLE

PRESIDENT

ADDRESS

CAUDELL-GAYLOR, INC.
2575 HARN BOULEVARD
CLEARWATER, FL. 33546

Eugene S. CaudeLL
(Signature)

8/19/83

(Date)

The insurance agent attaches the second copy of the completed form to the flood insurance policy application for new (POST-FIRM) construction or substantial improvements. Be sure that the second copy is certified.

Pre-Firm Construction:

For the purposes of determining insurance rates, buildings for which the start of construction or substantial improvement was on, or before December 31, 1974 or the date the community entered into the Regular Flood Program, whichever is later. Special Note: If an approved building permit is dated prior to December 31, 1974 construction must have commenced not later than 180 days after the date of the approved building permit. "Existing Construction" and "Pre-Firm Construction" have identical meanings for the purposes of The National Flood Insurance Program.

Post-Firm Construction:

For insurance rating purposes buildings for which the start of construction or substantial improvement commenced after December 31, 1974 or the effective date the community entered into Regular Program which is published in the community map, whichever is later. "NEW CONSTRUCTION" and "POST FIRM CONSTRUCTION" have identical meanings for the purposes of the National Flood Insurance Program.

Substantial Improvement:

Any repair, reconstruction, or improvement of a building, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the building either (a) before the improvement or repair is started, or (b) if the building has been damaged, and is being restored the market value before the damage occurred. For Flood Insurance Program purposes substantial improvement is stated when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure. However, the term does not include either any project for health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which are solely necessary to assure safe living conditions; or any alteration of a building listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Places.

Lowest Floor

The lowest floor is defined to mean the lowest level of a building including, if any, finished or unfinished basement.